

AV A ADULTERY TRIAL.

It was a disgruntled and sadly disappointed crowd of young and unmarried men that were ushered out of United States Commissioner Whiting's court yesterday afternoon by request of Assistant United States Attorney E. L. Medler. It was just before the Avilla adultery case came up for preliminary hearing.

Judge W. C. Heacock, attorney for the defense, objected to Attorney Medler's request, but the court sustained it.

Judge Heacock said in his objection that it was for the secrecy of the conducting of the statehood investigation by Senator Beveridge and his subcommittee, that had caused so much comment recently, and that he saw no reason why the public should be excluded from the court room.

Judge Whiting replied by saying that only the witnesses, members of the bar, the press, officers of the law, and three members of the U. S. R. T. were to remain in the court room.

The Avilla adultery case, in which Alonzo Avilla, alias James Forrest, a passenger brakeman, is charged with having betrayed Miss Ada M. Petty, a girl hardly 20 years of age, to leave her home in Alta, Iowa, and come to this city, where they were married in mock ceremony, he, at the time having a wife and family living at Winslow, Ariz.

The case is probably the most sensational of the kind that has ever occurred in the territory.

The complaint filed against the defendant is as follows:

"Before me, E. W. Dobson, a notary public in and for the county of Bernalillo and Territory of New Mexico, personally appeared Ada M. Petty, who, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that on and about the 25th day of October, A. D. 1902, at Albuquerque, in the county of Bernalillo and in the Second judicial district of the Territory of New Mexico, A. D. Avilla, alias James Forrest, in violation of the act of congress, March 4, 1887, amending section 5552 of the revised statutes of the United States, did unlawfully commit the crime of adultery. (Signed) "ADA M. PETTY."

The defense read the complaint and the prosecuting witness was called.

Miss Petty appeared and took the witness stand. She was dressed in a neat black tailor made suit of heavy material, with a yoke of delicate blue and a collar of the same material grilling her throat. Her head was decked with a white hat of the sailor fashion. It was noticeable that she was extremely nervous, but she bore up bravely under the examination. The story she told was about the same as that published in The Citizen of last Monday afternoon. A number of letters written to Avilla by her, were produced, which she identified. A few of them were read. They were most passionate in trend and showed that the girl, even after she had learned that he, Avilla, had another wife, loved him in a most violent manner.

The prosecution produced a telegram sent by Avilla to Miss Petty, when he, Avilla, was detained at Winslow on account of his baby's death. The telegram read: "Be consoled, baby is dead."

Mrs. L. Bolter was the next witness to take the stand. Mrs. Bolter keeps a rooming house at 204 North Arno street, where Miss Petty and Avilla had rooms. She said that Avilla came to her place in October and secured rooms. Miss Petty came there and Avilla represented her to be his sister.

She said that the girl had sometimes cried, but would say no more than that Avilla had hidden her not to talk. On one occasion she told Mrs. Bolter that she was in deep trouble.

Mrs. Avilla, the wife from Winslow, was the next witness. Her evidence was not very material to the case. She produced letters she had received from the wronged girl. In one of the letters Miss Petty wrote that she did not want Avilla, for if "he was not true to his first wife, he would not be true to her."

A. A. Avilla, the defendant, was called. He was dressed in a black suit and was very neat in his toilet. He gave very little evidence, in fact he answered very few questions during the examination. He said that he had met Miss Petty on the train between Needles and Winslow about three years ago. He said with a sneer that she "was a dirt like some of these women."

He refused to identify a letter written to Miss Petty, enticing her from her home. He said, when she arrived here, he took her to the Majestic rooming house. He meant the Majestic rooming house. He said that he formerly lived on or near Haining avenue. He said that Miss Petty came here without money and she had been to him like a sister and that he wanted to be a brother to her. That is why he introduced her as his sister. He didn't know anything about the mock ceremony. He also said that he left his room on Arno street to get away from her, Miss Petty. He explained the week's lay off he took in the fore part of January, in which he was at Winslow, by saying that his "baby was sick and died also."

He changed his run from here to Winslow and Needles, because he could get his lay over at home, at Winslow. He said that he had gone by two names, Alonzo Avilla and James Forrest, for six or seven years. He gave no reason for doing so.

It also came out in his evidence that he had rented a box at the postoffice under two names, one James Forrest, which he says he assumed.

Judge Heacock, attorney for the defense, made a nice and weighty talk in behalf of his case, but to no advantage.

The defendant was bound over to the United States grand jury under \$800 bond. The case will come up in March.

A CASE OF IT.

Mary More Like It in Albuquerque.

The following case is but one of many similar occurring daily in Albuquerque. It is an easy matter to verify the correctness. Surely you cannot ask for better proof than such a conclusive evidence.

B. H. Helwig, clerk in the Spot Cash grocery, residence 345 Baca avenue, says: "I read very carefully an advertisement about Doan's Kidney Pills in our Albuquerque papers and as I had been annoyed with backache for about six months especially in the morning I went to the Alvarado Pharmacy for a box and used it. It may have been the aching which comes from constant standing all day behind the counter or over-exertion, but it struck me that mine was deeper seated and required the treatment of a medicine like Doan's Kidney Pills. They certainly proved very effective in my case, for the backache ceased absolutely."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-McLure Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

Incorporation.

The Holston-Lowe Meat and Storage company of Roswell was incorporated with a capital stock of \$20,000, divided into 200 shares of the par value of \$100 each. The term of existence is 50 years. The company is authorized to buy and sell cattle, sheep and hogs, to butcher them and place them on sale, to construct cold storage houses, etc. The principal place of business is Roswell, and the directors are Herbert P. Holston and Albert T. Lowe, of Roswell, and Levi B. Lowe, of South Haven, Mich.

HAS SAD ENDING.

Alleged Denver Embezzler is Caught by Trailing of Wife, Who is Taken Ill.

Jacob Steinberg left Denver last October under charge of embezzlement. He was traced to Texas and lost. His wife was shadowed by Charles St. Clair in Denver, and followed to Las Vegas a week ago yesterday. She at once telegraphed to Jacob Green at Tucumcari, to meet her at Las Vegas. He replied that he was sick and could not come.

Deputy Sheriff W. L. Hart, at Tucumcari, was notified to arrest Green and hold him for orders. A telegram was received that the arrest had been made and the prisoner was held. Mrs. Steinberg, who has registered at Las Vegas under the name of Mrs. Green, was stricken with a severe hemorrhage, and is now very low. St. Clair left for Tucumcari, and he will bring Steinberg to Las Vegas just as soon as he may be able to travel.

Mrs. Steinberg has five little children with her. City Marshal L. E. Curtwright of Las Vegas was chiefly instrumental in connecting Mrs. Green with Mrs. Steinberg, and so locating the absconder.

Land Office Business.

Homestead Entries—Pedro Charette of Raton, 160 acres of land in Mora county; Patrocinio Fejardo, of Puerto de Luna, 160 acres of land in Guadalupe county.

Ramon Fernandez, Lumberton, 160 acres of land in Rio Arriba county; Tubercio Gallegos, of Maxwell City, 160 acres of land in Colfax county; David Brama, of Chaves, 160 acres of land in San Miguel county; Antonio Gutierrez, of Chaves, 160 acres of land in San Miguel county.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

Mother Eddy Makes an Official Statement Regarding Its Meaning.

Mrs. Sanborn, proprietress of the Casa de Oro, submits the following from the pen of Mary Baker G. Eddy, the founder of "Christian Science," and requests its publication:

Concord, N. H., Jan. 14.—In view of the circulation of certain criticisms from the pen of Mark Twain, I submit the following statement:

It is a fact, well understood, that I begged the students who first gave me the endearing appellation "mother" not to name me thus. But without my consent that word spread like wildfire. I still must think the name is not applicable to me. I stand in relation to this century, as a Christian discoverer, founder, and leader. I regard self-deification as blasphemous; I may be more loved, but I am less lauded, pampered, provided for, and cheered, than others before me—and wherefor? Because Christian Science is not yet popular, and I refuse adulation.

My first visit to the mother church after it was built and dedicated, pleased me, and the situation was satisfactory. The dear members wanted to greet me with escort and the ringing of bells, but I declined, and went alone in my carriage to the church, entered it, and knelt in thanks upon the steps of its altar. There the fore-splendor of the beginning of truth fell mysteriously upon my spirit. I believe in one Christ, teach one Christ, know of but one Christ. I believe in but one incarnation, one mother Mary, and know I am not that one and never claimed to be. It suffices me to learn the science of the scriptures related to this subject.

Christian Scientists have no quarrel with Protestants, Catholics, or other sect. They need to be understood as following the divine principle—God, Love—and not imagined to be unscientific worshippers of a human being.

In the aforesaid article, of which I have seen only extracts, Mark Twain's wit was not wasted in certain directions. Christian Science eschews divine rights in human beings. If the individual governed human consciousness, my statement of Christian Science would be disproved, but to understand the spiritual idea is essential to demonstrate science and its pure monotheism—one God, one Christ, no idolatry, on human propaganda. Jesus taught and proved that what feeds a few feeds all. His life-work subordinated the material to the spiritual, and he left this legacy of truth to mankind. His metaphysics is not the sport of philosophy, religion, or science, rather is it the pith and finale of them all.

I have not the inspiration or aspiration to be a first or second Virgin-Mother—her duplicate, antecedent, or subsequent. What I am remains to be proved by the good I do. We need much humility, wisdom, and love to perform the functions of foreshadowing and forestaying heaven within us. This glory is molten in the furnace of affliction.

Commissioner of Deeds.

Charles Edgar Mills, of New York Second Lieutenant; Ralph L. Goodwin, son of deeds for New Mexico by Governor Otero.

IT WORKED WELL.

Briquettes, the New \$1.25 a Ton Fuel, is Satisfactory.

A test of lignite briquettes has been made on a locomotive of the Soo line at Minneapolis. About one ton of the fuel was used and the engine ran twenty miles on that amount, which is somewhat better than the mileage made per ton of soft coal.

The briquettes were in bloc form, 24x16 inches and burned without clinkers and with little ash or smoke. When the furnace was once supplied the fire required little attention, and it was not necessary to add fuel often. It is expected that further tests will be made with larger quantities of these briquettes, which are made by a secret process devised by a Minneapolis firm. If their trial is successful a briquette factory will be established at the lignite beds of North Dakota.

Major Ernest Meyers, who was called to San Francisco some ten days ago to attend the funeral services of his twin sister, Miss Ernestine Meyers, has returned to the city.

MRS. HIGINIO ROMERO DEAD.

Sister to Councilman Malaquias Martinez and Representative David Martinez, Jr.

M. A. Higinio Romero, wife of County Commissioner Romero, of Taos county, died on Sunday at Taos, of consumption. The deceased was a sister to Councilman Malaquias Martinez and Representative David Martinez, Jr., of Taos county. The funeral was held on Monday and interment was made in the Catholic cemetery at Taos. The deceased was about 30 years of age and was an estimable and good woman and stood high in the estimation of all who knew her.

Notaries Appointed.

Governor Otero has appointed as notaries public the following: H. F. Armstrong, of Hachita, Grant county; William F. Freyne, of Taos, Taos county; Ernest L. Wildy, of Roswell, Chaves county.

TRI-WEEKLY SERVICE.

The Denver and Rio Grande Railway Proposes to Decrease Its Service.

The railroad postoffice clerks on the Denver and Rio Grande railroad running out of Santa Fe, have received notice that from next Monday on, there will be only a tri-weekly service over the line instead of a daily service says the New Mexican. Clerk J. E. Wood will probably remain at Santa Fe, but clerk Carruth will probably take a run out of Silverton, Colo. It is said that the tri-weekly service is necessitated by the intention of the Denver and Rio Grande to run only tri-weekly trains while the road is changed from a narrow gauge to a standard gauge line because the narrow gauge equipment is wearing out so rapidly that it is sufficient only for tri-weekly service on the Santa Fe-Antonito line. The company intending to change the line to standard gauge soon, does not care to invest any more money in narrow gauge equipment. However, this curtailment of service will mean a great hardship to the Espanola valley, and to Taos, Rio Arriba and San Juan counties, and to over fifty postoffices that depend entirely upon the Denver and Rio Grande management and to the postoffice authorities at Washington. The Denver and Rio Grande will also lose much of its traffic and popularity in this section and will experience considerable trouble in moving freight, for even at present with a daily service, freight cars are often compelled to lie over several days or a week at Espanola and other points before they are moved.

A Well Known Gentleman Makes a Remarkable Statement

He Assures Rheumatic Sufferers That One Bottle of

Paine's Celery Compound Banished His Pains and Agonies

The startling and happy cures wrought by Paine's Celery Compound for rheumatic sufferers have deeply impressed medical men everywhere, and today, the best practitioners are recognizing the great value of the Compound, and prescribe it with confidence.

Paine's Celery Compound stands unequalled as a cure for all the varied forms of rheumatism. At this season its good work is apparent in thousands of American homes. Men and women, lame and crippled, and utterly helpless from the terrible disease are being restored to activity, health, and strength. Paine's Celery Compound is the only medicine that cures and saves the despairing victim who is told that he or she is incurable. Mr. L. A. Fleishman, Gap Mills, West Va., writes about his happy experience with Paine's Celery Compound; he says:

"I had rheumatism in my left arm and shoulder, could not sleep, and had no appetite. I visited my sister who lives in Frankford, and she told me that she had been afflicted just as I was and Paine's Celery Compound had done her more good than anything she had tried, and she advised me to use it. I got one bottle and used it, and the result was that I slept well, had a good appetite, and the pains of rheumatism left me and I have not felt them since; in fact, it has cured me and I feel like a new man."

THERE ARE MANY WAYS THAT odd pieces of cloth may be worked into useful and decorative objects for the house.

DIAMOND DYES Will Color Anything Any Color. Direction book and 45 dyed samples free. DIAMOND DYES, Burlington, Vt.

COURT ROOM SCENE.

Enraged Mother Attempts to Kill an Attorney at Conclusion of Rape Case.

Last evening in the district court room, and while Judge Northcutt was on the bench, Mrs. Feronia Daily, who lives near Hastings, attempted to kill County Attorney Anderson, says the Trinidad Chronicle.

The case of the People vs. James O'Neil was on trial, one charge being assault to rape. The assault was alleged to have occurred in November, 1900, and upon the daughter of Mrs. Daily, the girl at that time being about 12 years of age. The case had been closed and the jury had returned their verdict when Mrs. Daily stepped up to Father Berta, the court interpreter, and said:

"Did they acquit that man?" Father Berta replied, "Yes." Mrs. Daily then approached Mr. Anderson, her hand thrust into the bosom of her dress, and said: "Did they acquit that man?" "Yes," replied Mr. Anderson, who was watching her, "they acquitted him."

Then Mrs. Daily said, "I'll kill," at the same time withdrawing her hand in which she held a revolver. Mr. Anderson, who had been warned that she had threatened to kill him, grabbed her from behind, and a violent struggle ensued. The court interpreter and bailiff rushed up and wrested the revolver from the woman, who was sent to jail by Judge Northcutt.

Mr. Anderson, in his address to the jury, argued that Mrs. Daily is crazy, and she took exceptions thereto. It is the opinion of those present that she intended killing the defendant and his counsel in the event of an acquittal. The jury was out fifteen minutes.

Supreme Court.

The supreme court was in session yesterday morning, with Chief Justice Mills presiding, and Associate Justice John R. McFie, Associate Justice F. W. Parker and Associate Justice B. S. Baker present. Clerk J. D. Sena and Solicitor General Bartlett were also present.

The following cases were submitted on brief:

No. 993, C. T. Brown, receiver, appellee, vs. Henry Lockhart et al., appellants, appeal from the district court of Bernalillo county.

No. 994, Henry Lockhart et al., appellees, appeal from the district court of Bernalillo county.

OFFICIAL MATTERS.

Postoffices have been established at Hebron, Colfax county, and at Puertitos, Valencia county.

Incorporations.

The Seligman Brothers company, of Santa Fe, was incorporated with a capital stock of \$10,000, divided into 100 shares of the par value of \$100 each. The company is authorized to buy and sell dry goods, boots and shoes, toys, groceries, furnishing goods, etc., and to have and hold real estate. The term of existence is fifty years and the directors are James L. Seligman, Arthur Seligman and Frances Seligman.

The Hagerman Lumber & Hardware

company, of Hagerman, Chaves county, was incorporated. The capital stock is \$10,000, divided into 100 shares of the par value of \$100 each. The term of existence is fifty years, and the directors are Charles C. Tannehill, John Shaw and A. R. Teedle.

The Hyde Exploring Expedition of New Mexico was incorporated with a capital stock of \$250,000, divided into 25,000 shares of the par value of \$10 each. The headquarters of the company is Farmington, San Juan county, and the term of existence is fifty years. The company is authorized to buy and sell real estate, mining, oil, mineral, gas and asphalt lands, and deal in asbestos and petroleum; engage in manufacturing and especially dealing in Indian goods; deal in wool, hides and pelts; construct railroads and handle inventions. The directors are Benjamin T. B. Hyde, of 80 West street, New York city; Willis C. Witte, of 26 Twenty-third street, New York city; A. B. McGaffey and J. L. Clark, of Albuquerque; R. B. Bouck, of Farmington; J. W. Benham, of 7 West Sixty-fifth street, New York city; and A. E. Reid, of 72 East Seventy-seventh street, New York city. The officers are: President, B. T. B. Hyde; vice president, A. E. Reid; secretary and treasurer, J. W. Benham.

The Sunol Gold Mining company, of Wilmington, Del., filed a certificate of incorporation in the state of Delaware. The authorized capital stock of the company is \$1,000,000, divided into 1,000,000 shares of the par value of \$1 each. The company starts with an actual cash capital of \$2,000. The directors are Edwin L. Dickerson and J. E. Tygart, of Philadelphia; R. Y. Andrews, of El Paso; Mayne C. P. Parker of Philadelphia; and P. L. Garrett, of Wilmington. The term is perpetual and the company is authorized to acquire mines, mining lands and deal in merchandise.

It is reported that there is a man in Las Vegas who is receiving wages of \$50 per month. Recently a child born to him by his wife, died at the age of 3 days. The man, it is said, came down town, got a soap box put the babe in it, and took babe and box out on the mesa and buried them, refusing to purchase either coffin or burial lot.—Record.

SUPREME COURT.

Disbarment Proceedings Filed in the Supreme Court Against W. L. Peeler, of Alamogordo.

The supreme court sat yesterday morning with Chief Justice Mills presiding and Associate Justices John R. McFie and F. W. Parker present. Clerk J. D. Sena and solicitor General E. L. Bartlett were present.

In case No. 925, Guadalupe Perea de Harrison et al., appellants, vs. Pedro Perea et al., appellees, appeal from district court Santa Fe county, a motion for rehearing was overruled, as was a motion filed for a statement of facts.

The following cases were argued and submitted:

No. 981, Harry Rankin et al., appellees, vs. The Southwestern Brewery & Ice company, appellants, appeal from district court Bernalillo county.

No. 995, Same vs. Same, appeal from district court Bernalillo county.

No. 996, Harry Rankin et al., cross appellees, vs. The Southwestern Brewery & Ice company et al., cross appellees, cross appeal from district court Bernalillo county.

In case No. 1019, in the matter of disbarment proceedings against W. L. Peeler, leave was given defendant to file pleadings within two weeks, and it was ordered that on February 26, he shall show cause why he shall not be disbarred from practice of law in New Mexico. Peeler is from Alamogordo and was admitted to the bar at the present term of court. It is charged that he wrote to a man in Colorado, who is interested in the welfare of one of the prisoners in the penitentiary, that he (Peeler) had received assurances from a man, who is not named, that a full pardon would be granted on the payment of \$1,000, and requesting that the money be sent. The letter is now in the hands of the court. Peeler will be compelled to make a full statement and explanation of the affair.

Territorial Funds.

Territorial Treasurer J. H. Vaughn has received from Henry Lutz, treasurer and collector of Lincoln county, of 1900 taxes, \$3.71; of 1901 taxes, \$34.76; of 1902 taxes, \$1,040.86; from C. K. Newhall, treasurer and collector of Bernalillo county, of 1900 taxes, \$35.67; 1901 taxes, \$267.25; 1902 taxes, \$735.84; from J. D. Walker, treasurer and collector of Eddy county, of 1900 taxes, \$1.82; 1901 taxes, \$38.64; 1902 taxes, \$1,192.28.

From A. E. Burnham, treasurer and collector of Colfax county, of 1901 taxes, \$63.62; 1902 taxes, \$2,767.90.

From Jose y Armijo, treasurer and collector of Guadalupe county, of 1901 taxes, \$54.88; 1902 taxes, \$1,282.84.

The funeral of W. H. Laub, the young man from Cleveland, Ohio, who died Tuesday morning, took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence, 410 Fourth avenue. The services were private and the remains will be sent to Cleveland tonight for interment.

Pension Secured.

Delegate Rodey has secured a pension for Mrs. Manuela A. de Vigil of Arroyo Hondo, Taos county, at \$5 per month, and has secured her accrued pension up to the death of her husband in 1900.

NO CIRCUIT CHANGES.

This Decided at Tuesday's Session of The Western League.

"There will be no changes in the Western league's circuit for at least one year," said President M. H. Seaton upon the adjournment of the first session of the Western league meeting at Kansas City. "The circuit question was fully discussed in the afternoon," he continued, "and we have decided that it shall remain just as it was last

season. Unless the association decides to abandon Milwaukee and Kansas City, there will again be two teams in each of these cities."

Personnel of the Teams. Following is the personnel, up to date, of all the teams in the Western league with the exception of Des Moines, as given out by the respective managers last night:

Omaha—Outfielders, Carter, Walsh, Welday; infielders, Wright, Stewart, Dolan, Hickey; catchers, Jennings, Goding, Thomas; pitchers, Alloway, Glenn, Dunc.

Denver—Outfielders, Jones, McHale, Preston; infielders, Delehanty, Mohler, Radcliffe, Dundon; catchers, Schlie, Hartstall; pitchers, Webster, Wittbridge, Barbe, Lempe, Crystal.

Colorado Springs—Outfielders, Hemphill, Congalton, Fleming; infielders, Everetts, Frank, Lipt, Swancie, Haley, Granville; catchers, Doran, Starnage, City, has been appointed a commissioner. McNeely, Patrick.

Kansas City—Outfielders, Waldron, Katchem, Miller; infielders, Kemmer, Jacobs, Kahl, Shannon; catchers, Measitt, Hughitt; pitchers, Nichols, Thomas, Risley, Cable.

Peoria—Outfielders, Holey, Thiel, King; infielders, Calhoun, Shugart, T. bald, Lezotte; catchers, Maloney, Wilson; pitchers, Cox, Hart, Killen, Lundeen, Jones.

Milwaukee—Outfielders, O'Brien, Duhy, McVicker; infielders, Cockman, Gattins, Miller, Thornton; catchers, Lucia, O'Neill; pitchers, McPherson, Konha, Coughlir, Halph.

St. Joseph—Outfielders, Hartman, Belden; infielders, Rohs, Maher; catchers, Garvin, Hall; pitchers, Parvich, Brown, Maupia.

The Meanest Man.

It is reported that there is a man in Las Vegas who is receiving wages of \$50 per month. Recently a child born to him by his wife, died at the age of 3 days. The man, it is said, came down town, got a soap box put the babe in it, and took babe and box out on the mesa and buried them, refusing to purchase either coffin or burial lot.—Record.

Legal Notice.

In the District Court of the County of Bernalillo, Territory of New Mexico.

Antonio Gallegos y Baca, Domingo N. Baca, Guadalupe B. de Sanchez, Eleuterio Baca, Sara S. de Baca, Roulada S. de Bernal, Dolores Bernal de Otero, Manuela Otero de Sanchez, and Aurelia Sanchez, Plaintiffs,

vs. The unknown heirs of Paulin Montoya, deceased, The unknown heirs of Toribio Gonzales, deceased, The unknown heirs of Bernabe Gallegos, deceased, The unknown heirs of Antonio Gallegos, deceased, The unknown heirs of Felix Casados, deceased, The unknown heirs of Antonio Jose Casados, deceased, And all the unknown heirs and interests in the premises hereinafter described.

Defendants.

The above named defendants and each of them will take notice that the above named plaintiffs have filed their complaint against them in the above named court; that the object and prayer of said complaint is for the partition of the real estate hereinafter described, according to the rights of the respective owners thereof, and if partition cannot be made without manifest injury to the rights of the respective owners thereof then for a sale of said real estate and a division of the proceeds according to the rights of the respective owners and for equitable relief. Said real estate is situated in the county of Bernalillo, Territory of New Mexico, and described as follows, to-wit:

A tract of land known as the Ojo de San Jose grant, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a porphyry stone 24x7x9 inches, 18 inches in the ground, marked O. de S. J.—N. E. Beg. Cor. on S. W. face which is the northeast corner of said grant, from which monument a pine tree 22 inches in diameter bears S. 6 degrees E. 47 links distant; a pine tree 22 inches in diameter bears S. 5 degrees E 58 links distant; a pine tree 16 inches in diameter bears S. 61 degrees E. 22 links distant, each marked O. de S. J. N. E. Beg. Cor. B. T.; thence west one league; thence south one league, thence east one league, thence north one league to the place of beginning, and containing, according to the official survey thereof, 4,340.278 acres of land less 3.368 acres out of the northeast corner of said land which conflicts with the Canon de San Diego grant.

Said defendants are further notified that unless they enter their appearance in said cause on or before the 21st day of February, 1903, judgment will be taken against them by default.

Defendants are further notified that the names and address of plaintiffs' attorneys are McMillen and Reynolds, Albuquerque, New Mexico. (Seal) W. E. DAME, Clerk of Said Court.

Col. Porter Morrow, of This City, Has Good Gold Mine.

Col. Porter Morrow, of Albuquerque, who for the last two years has been the southwest representative for the Simmons Hardware company, succeeding H. H. Wheelock, on the promotion of the latter, was in Las Vegas Saturday, says the Record. Colonel Morrow is a personal friend of Jack Laubach, of fifteen years' standing. He is also one of incorporators of the Sierra del Oro, a gold mining company, limited, having fifteen valuable claims near Clifton, Ariz., and a five-acre millsite on San Francisco river.

According to Clifton papers, this company is developing one of the best gold properties in Arizona. There is a large body of ore in sight; and about February 1, machinery for development will be ordered from Chicago and installed.

It is understood that certain Las Vegas are interested in this promising enterprise.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

A meeting was held at the Central Labor union hall on West night in Carpenters' ly number of avenue, and a good many unions delegates from the various unions were in attendance.

The charter for the organization from the American Federation of Labor was presented and accepted. Several communications were read and acted upon, among them letters from Delegate Rodey and from the president of the American Federation of Labor. The form was an acknowledgment of the report of statehood resolutions and the matter wishing the organization properly.

The proposed visit of John McNeill was brought to the attention of the Central Labor union, and it was decided that should the great labor leader decide to come to this city that arrangements should be made to have him talk publicly in Colombo hall.

The number of delegates from each union was increased from three to five, in order to fill the various offices and committees